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 M3 - [01] B114 B720 B752 B760 C017 C800 C804 C805 C806 C807 M411 M720 M903
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 - [02] A678 C810 M411 M730 M903 Q421; 1704-X 1724-X 1711-X 1714-X
 PA - (CHIY) CHIYODA CHEM ENG CONSTR CO
 - (NIKN) NIPPON KOKAN KK
 PN - JP1100011 A 19890418 DW198921 008pp
 PR - JP19870254767 19871012
 XA - C1989-069585
 XIC - C01B-033/10
 AB - J01100011 Industrial prodn. process of trichlorosilane comprises
 producing trichlorosilane from tetrachlorosilane and hydrogen in
 presence of catalyst where Pt. Gp. metal(s) and silicides of the
 metals is supported. At least two switching type regenerative ceramic
 reactors are used, where hydrogen gas is heated to 800 - 1100 deg.C
 and supplied to end (a) of reactor (A), while mixt. of
 tetrachlorosilane and hydrogen at low temp. is supplied from the other
 end (b) of other reactor (B) heated by reserved heat, heated mixt. is
 let out from opposite end (c) of (B) and supplied to end (a) of (A)
 and mixed and reacted with heated hydrogen, and cooled at regenerative
 part of (A) so heat is recovered and prod. is let out from other end
 (d) (A) .
 - USE/ADVANTAGE - Trichlorosilane of high purity can be produced on
 industrial level. Corrosion is prevented by using special catalyst and
 ceramic reactors (so reaction temp. is lowered and time for reaction
 is shortened) so impurity derived from corrosion is not mixed in
 CN - R03423-P
 DRL - 1704-X 1724-X 1711-X 1714-X
 IW - TRI CHLORO SILANE INDUSTRIAL PRODUCE REACT TETRA CHLORO SILANE
 HYDROGEN PRESENCE PLATINUM GROUP METAL CATALYST SWITCH TYPE
 REGENERATE
 CERAMIC REACTOR
 IKW - TRI CHLORO SILANE INDUSTRIAL PRODUCE REACT TETRA CHLORO SILANE
 HYDROGEN PRESENCE PLATINUM GROUP METAL CATALYST SWITCH TYPE
 REGENERATE
 CERAMIC REACTOR
 NC - 001
 OPD - 1987-10-12
 ORD - 1989-04-18
 PAW - (CHIY) CHIYODA CHEM ENG CONSTR CO
 - (NIKN) NIPPON KOKAN KK
 TI - Tri:chloro-silane industrial prodn. - by reacting tetra:chloro-silane
 and hydrogen in presence of platinum gp metal catalyst using switching
 type regenerative ceramic reactors